

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Propylene glycol

Other Names acid propylene glycol ester;
Uses emulsifier, stabiliser, thickener.

Chemical Family No Data Available
Chemical Formula (C9H14O7)n

Chemical Name Alginic acid, ester with 1,2-propanediol

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Aurora Cleaning Supplies	F1 / 5 Bungaleen Court Dandenong South VIC 3175	03 9768 2669

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust)

Not Scheduled

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Propylene glycol	(C9H14O7)n	9005-37-2	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical

advice/attention if a large quantity has been swallowed or if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing - Administer oxygen if breathing is

difficult

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Ingestion of large quantities of alginates may cause intestinal obstruction. Aspiration or inhalation

of alginates could cause chemical pneumonitis.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Dry or powdered ingredients are combustible; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Special File Fighting instructions Contain runon from the Control of dilution water - kurlon may pointe waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point
No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature
No Data Available
Hazchem Code
No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material - becomes

slippery when wet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust

and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect material using special dust vacuum cleaner with particle filter or carefully sweep up/shovel into suitable

containers for later disposal (see SECTION 13). Avoid dispersal of dust in the air.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert

atmospheres.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep

away from extreme heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container. Empty containers pose a fire risk, evaporate the residue under a fume hood.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment

- Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection if exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced. Recommended: Dust mask/particulate filter respirator; In case of a large spill, a self-contained breathing apparatus should be used (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).
- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses; In case of a large spill, wear splash goggles.
- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves.
- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Lab coat; In case of a large spill, wear full protective suit and boots.

Special Hazards Precaustions

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are

released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the

product. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid
Appearance Clear

Odour No information available.

Colour White or yellowish рН No Data Available **Vapour Pressure** No Data Available **Relative Vapour Density** No Data Available No Data Available **Boiling Point Melting Point** Decomposes No Data Available **Freezing Point** Solubility Soluble in water **Specific Gravity** No Data Available **Flash Point** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available Vapour Temperature No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

No Data Available

No Data Available No Data Available

Viscosity

Volatile Percent

VOC Volume

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Dry or powdered ingredients are combustible; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available. **Chemical Stability** The product is stable.

Avoid generating dust. Keep away from extreme heat and sources of ignition. **Conditions to Avoid**

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Hazardous Polymerisation

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

> - Ingestion: Low oral toxicity; However, ingestion may cause discomfort/gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Ingestion of large quantities of alginates may cause intestinal obstruction. Aspiration may cause chemical pneumonitis.

- Eye contact: May cause slight eye irritation, redness.

- Skin contact: May cause mild irritation. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

- Inhalation: May cause irritation of respiratory tract with a feeling of tightness in the chest. Inhalation may cause chemical

pneumonitis.

Chronic effects: Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Not expected to have significant environmental effects.

Persistence/Degradability Product is biodegradable. No information available. Mobility

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

No Data Available **Environmental Impact**

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. **General Information**

Special Precautions for Land Fill This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying

to handling of the product should be considered.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Propylene glycol, alginate

Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Propylene glycol, alginate

Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available No Data Available **Pack Group Special Provision** No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Propylene glycol, alginate **Proper Shipping Name**

Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available No Data Available **Pack Group Special Provision** No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Propylene glycol, alginate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Propylene glycol, alginate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Propylene glycol, alginate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 9005-37-2

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes PRGLAL1000, PRGLAL1001, PRGLAL1002, PRGLAL2000, PRGLAL2200, PRGLAL2220, PRGLAL2300,

PRGLAL3000

Revision 3

Revision Date 22/08/2024

Key/Legend < Less Than
> Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight